

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3n}{4n+1} \quad \text{diverguje}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n}{4n+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3}{4 + \frac{1}{n}} = \frac{3}{4} \neq 0$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \text{ konverguje} \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = 0$$

$$\Leftarrow \text{neplatí}$$

A

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \text{ diverguje}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \cos \frac{1}{n^2} \quad \text{diverguje}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \cos \frac{1}{n^2} = \cos 0 = 1 \neq 0$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3n}{4n+5} \right)^n$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\left(\frac{3n}{4n+5} \right)^n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3n}{4n+5} =$$

$$l = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a_n} \quad a_n \geq 0 \quad = \frac{3}{4} < 1$$

$$l < 1 \dots \text{konverguje}$$

$$l > 1 \dots \sim \text{diverguje}$$

$$l = 1 \dots \text{nevieme}$$

$$\text{konverguje}$$

$$\text{Cauchyho krit.}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4n}{3n+1} \right)^{2n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{a_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\left(\frac{4n}{3n+1} \right)^{2n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\left(\frac{4n}{3n+1} \right)^{2n} \right]^{\frac{1}{n}} =$$

D
K

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{4n}{3n+1} \right)^2 = \left(\frac{4}{3} \right)^2 > 1$$

divergenzi

Cauchy

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \text{arctg}^n \frac{1}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{C_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\text{arctg}^n \frac{1}{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \text{arctg} \frac{1}{n} = \text{arctg} 0 = 0 < 1$$

konvergenz

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)!}$$

d'Alambert

$$l = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n}$$

$l < 1$... konvergenz
 $l > 1$... divergenz
 $l = 1$... unentschieden

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{\frac{1}{(2(n+1)-1)!}}{\frac{1}{(2n-1)!}} = \frac{(2n-1)!}{(2n+1)!} = \frac{(2n-1)!}{(2n+1)(2n)(2n-1)!} = \frac{1}{(2n+1)(2n)}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = 0 < 1$$

konvergenz

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^2}{(2n)!}$$

D
K

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} &= \frac{\frac{[(n+1)!]^2}{(2(n+1))!}}{\frac{(n!)^2}{(2n)!}} = \frac{(2(n+1))! (n!)^2}{(2n)! [(n+1)!]^2} \\
 &= \frac{2n+2}{(n+1)^2} = \frac{(n+1)!^2 (2n)!}{(n!)^2 (2n+1)!} = \frac{[(n+1)(n!)]^2 (2n)!}{(n!)^2 (2n+1)(2n+1)(2n)!} \\
 &= \frac{(n+1)^2}{(2n+1)(2n+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^2}{(2n+1)(2n+1)} = \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^2}{n^2 \left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right) \left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^2}{\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right) \left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} = \frac{1}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$\frac{1}{4} < 1$

konvergenz
 d'Alembert

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4^n}{(n+1)3^n}$$

K
D

$$\frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{\frac{4^{n+1}}{(n+2)3^{n+1}}}{\frac{4^n}{(n+1)3^n}} = \frac{4^{n+1} (n+1) 3^n}{4^n (n+2) 3^{n+1}} = \frac{4}{3} \frac{n+1}{n+2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \frac{4}{3} > 1$$

divergenz

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n+3}{n^2+2}$$

$$a_n \leq b_n$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \text{ konvergiert} \Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \text{ konvergiert}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \text{ divergiert} \Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \text{ div.}$$

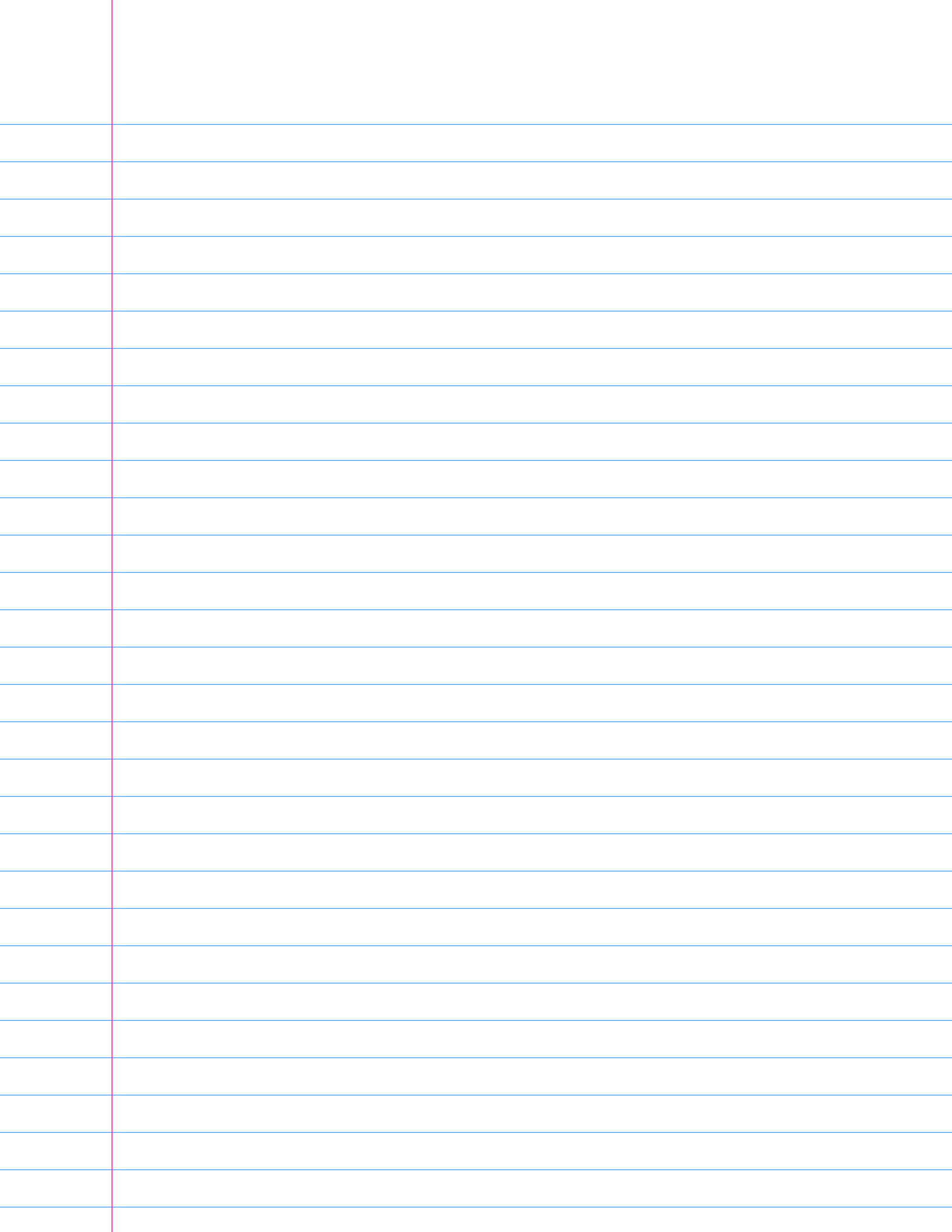
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n+3}{n^2+2}$$

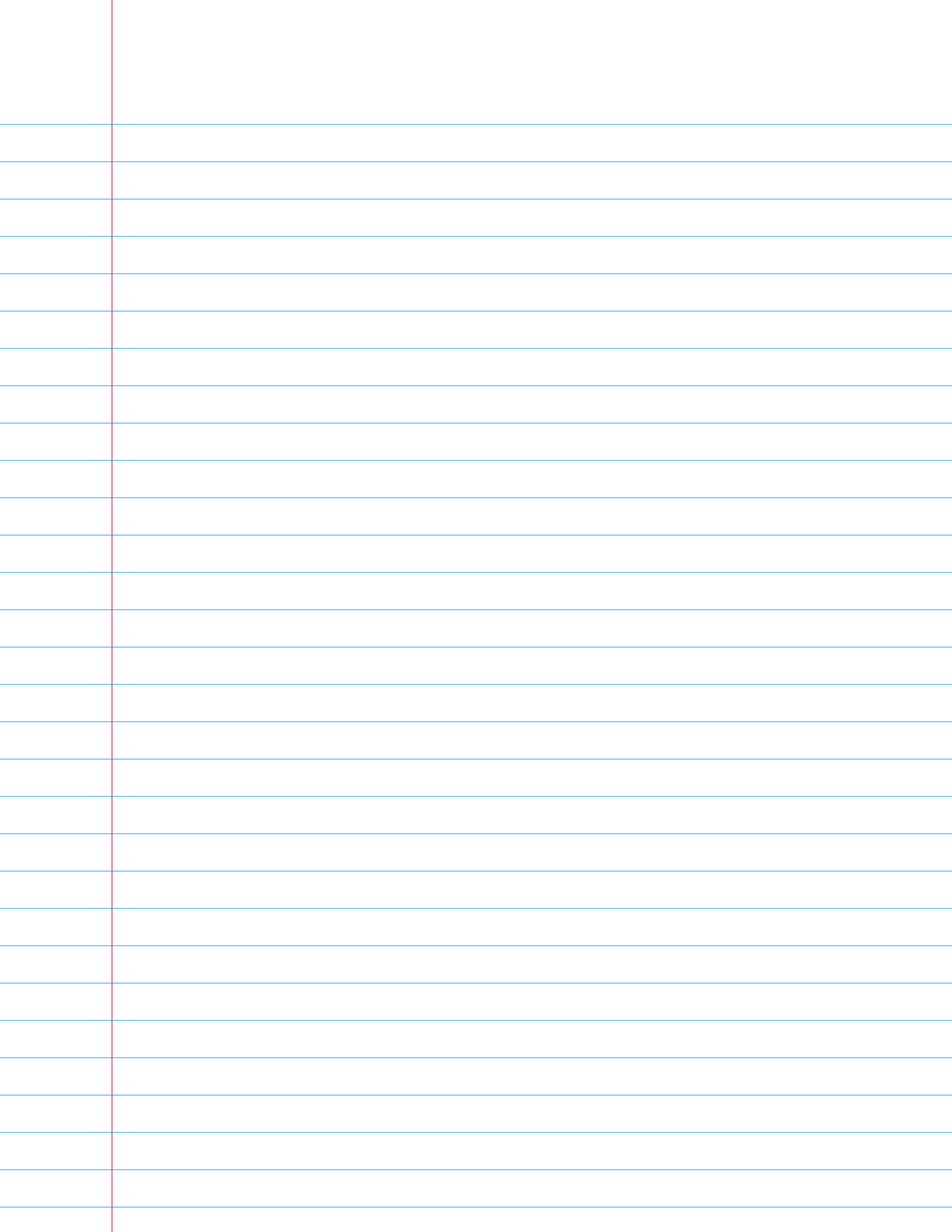
$$\frac{2n+3}{n^2+2} > \frac{2n}{n^2+2} > \frac{2n}{n^2+2n^2} = \frac{2n}{3n^2} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{n} \text{ div.}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n-1}{n^3+n}$$

K
D

$$\frac{n-1}{n^3+n} < \frac{n}{n^3+n} < \frac{n}{n^3} = \frac{1}{n^2} \text{ konv.}$$





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