

Reflexivity
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Hyperreflexivity
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Numerical range
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Reflexivity and hyperreflexivity for sets of operators

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Reflexivity

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Reflexivity

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Hyperreflexivity

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Numerical range

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Proof.

(b) $A \in \mathcal{L}, T \in \text{Ref}(\mathcal{M}), \varepsilon > 0, x \in \mathcal{X}$;

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Hyperreflexivity

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Many operators are orbit-reflexive: normal, compact, algebraic, etc.

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Many operators are orbit-reflexive: normal, compact, algebraic, etc.
- Grivaux, Roginskaya (2008); Müller, Vršovský (2009):
There exist operators on a Hilbert space which are not orbit-reflexive.

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- Kliś-Garlicka, Müller (2008):
Not every subspace lattice is operator hyperreflexive.

Reflexivity

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Hyperreflexivity

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Numerical range

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Hyperreflexivity

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- $d(T, \mathcal{M}) = 0 \iff T \in \mathcal{M} \quad \text{and}$
$$\alpha(T, \mathcal{M}) = 0 \iff T \in \text{Ref}(\mathcal{M}).$$

Reflexivity
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Hyperreflexivity
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Numerical range
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Definition

\mathcal{M} is **hyperreflexive** if $\exists c \geq 1$:

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Reflexivity
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Hyperreflexivity
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Numerical range
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Example

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Reflexivity
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$\mathcal{K} \subseteq \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{X})$ closed unit ball;

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- *Which operators S are orbit hyperreflexive*

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i.e., $\text{Orb}(S) = \overline{\{S^n; n \geq 0\}}^{\text{WOT}}$ hyperreflexive?
- For $\mathcal{L} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{H})$, subspace lattice
hyperreflexivity \iff operator hyperreflexivity:
 $d(P, \mathcal{L}) \leq c\alpha(P, \mathcal{L}) \quad (\forall P \in \mathcal{P}(\mathcal{H}))?$

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- **Larson, Sourour (1990):**

- $\dim(\mathcal{X}) < \infty \Rightarrow$

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- **Larson, Sourour (1990):**

- $\dim(\mathcal{X}) < \infty \Rightarrow$

$$\text{Ref}(\text{Aut}(\mathcal{B}(\mathcal{X}))) = \text{Aut}(\mathcal{B}(\mathcal{X})) \cup \{\text{anti-automorphisms}\};$$

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Reflexivity
○○○○○

Hyperreflexivity
○○○○○

Numerical range
●○○○○○

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Reflexivity
○○○○○

Hyperreflexivity
○○○○○

Numerical range
○●○○○○

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 - $\mathcal{M}_{\mathbb{R}}$ Hermitian operators on \mathcal{X} .

Reflexivity
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Hyperreflexivity
○○○○○

Numerical range
○○●○○

Proposition

$\emptyset \neq K \subseteq \mathbb{C}$ closed $\Rightarrow \mathcal{M}_K$ reflexive.

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Corollary

Space of hermitian operators is reflexive.

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If $\exists k: d(M, \mathcal{L}) \leq k\alpha(M, \mathcal{L}), \quad \forall M \in \mathcal{M} \Rightarrow$

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- $\mathcal{D}(\ell^2)$ is hyperreflexive.

Reflexivity
○○○○

Hyperreflexivity
○○○○○

Numerical range
○○○○●

Thank you!